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VOLUME XI

CHAR. B. HALPIN, Editor and Manager

LACOMBE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1914

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## O-Cedar Mop

Made with a quick detachable steel center, enabling you to remove the mop head and replace it without an effort. Can be done in an instant.

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Makes it easy to clean those hard-to-get-at places.

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FOR SALE—  
1 Duggy, new  
1 Set Single Harness.  
Barred Plymouth Eggs, \$1.00 per setting  
DR. J. B. HARRINGTON, VET.

## The MERCHANTS BANK of Canada

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\$14,000,000.00  
Established 1864

Wide Connections  
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Open a Savings Bank Account  
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Interest Allowed at Highest  
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LACOMBE OFFICE—W.A. SHIELDS, Manager

## Picture Making— A Pleasant Diversion

There is a peculiar fascination in the art of picture making. It makes its appeal to every one—so no doubt you have been considering the idea of getting a camera, even if you haven't made a decision as to the kind. Spring is the ideal season for beginning. All of the best photographic months are ahead. We are agents for

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and carry a complete stock. This will make the matter of selecting easy for you. We are always glad to aid amateur photographers in every way possible. Come in and have a camera talk.

Cameras from \$1.00 up, and everything in Photo Supplies.

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FARMERS—Come in and see us with regard to insurance; get cheap rates by eliminating dividends to stockholders.

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## -- Savings in Women's Ready-to-Wear at "The Store of Better Values" --

50c to 65c

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No. 296—Strong wearing Corset of medium bust, strong elastic hose supports; a popular number, sizes 18 to 24; Price..... \$1.25

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Women's

### Wash Dresses

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Pretty Dresses for house or morning wear, made of Muslin, Percale, Ginghams and Prints; good fashionable styles; excellent washing colors; sizes 34 to 42; Special at..... \$1.75

Special reduction on Ladies' Summer Wash Dresses, good styles, neatly trimmed, sizes 34 to 40. Special Prices.

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Women's Suits of Good Quality All Wool Navy Serge, splendidly tailored on strictly fashionable lines; short cutaway Coats which are lined throughout with Gray Satin; Skirts with slight draped effect and trimmed with buttons; sizes 34 and 36; also Misses, 14, 16 and 18 years; Special Sale Price..... \$9.75

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Satin Knickers for Ladies' wear, elastic waist and knees; colors Royal, Cerise, Copied and Black; Special Value..... \$2.50

### Crompton Corsets

From \$1.25

Fine White Knit Cotton Combinations for Ladies' Summer Wear. Good make, reliable wear, very elastic and nice fitting garments which sell usually at 50c. to 65c. Special Sale Price..... 40c.

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Ginghams clearing at a very reduced price; light or medium grounds in good colors, neat stripes and checks. Anderson manufactured goods; Regular 15c. to 17 1/2c; Bargain Sale, per yard..... 10c.

Striped Voiles, Muslin, etc., 27 to 30 inches wide goods in lovely colors, selling usually at 30c. to 35c; Bargain Sale, per yard..... 20c.

38-inch Cotton Voile in Sky, Turquoise, Tan, Brown and Grey; Regular 35c; Bargain Sale, per yard..... 20c.

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"The Store of Better Values"

LACOMBE



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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries and Conveyancers.  
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**For Artistic Show Cards and Window Cards**  
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Teacher of  
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Horseshoeing  
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**Lacombe Bath Room.**  
In the McLean Basement, opp. Merchants' Bank.  
Now open under new management. Prices, 35c.  
D. FLEWELLING, Prop.

**J. Bullis**  
is now prepared to clean yards, haul out manure, or do other team work.

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Office at J. Fortune's Livery, Lacombe, Alta. (J14-11)

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If you have any Horses or Cattle to sell, ship them to us. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Farm and Stock Sales and Merchandise and Bankrupt Sales called; terms reasonable. Phone 120. Will pay for all phone or telegraph calls. (M26-11-c)

## ECLIPSE PUMP WORKS

F. V. PARSONS, Prop.  
Pumps of All Kinds.  
New Gasoline Engine, 2 1/2 h.p., with Pumps, Jack, complete, \$80.00.  
Electrical Supplies of All Kinds.  
Batteries, Spark Plugs, Lamps, Etc.  
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We can satisfy you if you let us fill your orders for meats.

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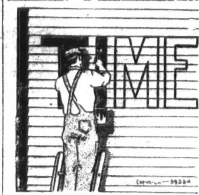
LACOMBE SECOND-HAND STORE

I buy and sell second-hand goods.  
I handle: Bankrupt Stock—Clothing, Hardware, Furniture, Beds, Springs, and Mattresses. We are now specializing in all Stoves and Ranges, Cooking Utensils, Trunks and Valises, Galvanized and Enamelware, Sewing Machines, Guns and Ammunition, Phonographs and Records, Musical Instruments of all kinds, and Jewelry. Real Estate bought and sold. Get my prices before buying.  
(S24-f) D. BOODE, Nanton St.

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(Formerly P. H. Winter).  
Having leased these stables from P. H. Winter, I am now prepared to do a general livery and feed business.  
Special attention paid to farmers' business and feeding. On Sunday evening those attending church may stable their horses free at the barn.  
General trading of all kinds. TERMS REASONABLE

**The Arcade Stables**  
THOS. DAGG, Prop.  
Barnett Avenue.



PAINTING TIME IS HERE but won't come round again in a hurry if you use the Best Paints, Varnishes, etc., now.

**E. R. KENT**  
has a large selection of Martin-Senour Paints which are 100 per cent pure; no adulterations to spoil the quality. The best Paint on the market and the one with the largest covering capacity. See guarantee in window. See him also for Floor Paint, Floor Varnishes and Murex. The perfect floor is finished with 61 Floor Varnish, the same that was used on all the floors of the New Royal Bank Building. Wall Paper at all prices, from 5c. to 50c. per roll.  
Don't forget the Best always pays and only the Best is kept by

**E. R. KENT**  
Lacombe Paint and Wall Paper Store

FOUR FLOUR

Now is the time to buy your flour before it goes higher. It has already gone up \$1.00 per barrel in the east and may still go higher. We have quite a lot of flour on hand at present and can make you a good price now on 500 lb. lots or more.—DAN NEER MILLING CO.

This is the month to feed your cow Kow. Kure for all cow ailments; try it. At W. I. Elliott's. (M4-11)

## CURRENT COMMENT

## COST OF HAULING FARM PRODUCTS.

The cost of hauling farm products was discussed recently in an article by Prof. D. W. Benedict of the University of Illinois. Some statements from this article will appear in this column, as well as those of Illinois.

"Edison has said that the horse is the poorest motor ever built. He eats 10 pounds of feed for every hour he works, and yet his thermal efficiency is only 2 per cent. In other words 98 per cent of the energy supplied to the horse is wasted as far as useful work is concerned. His average speed, with a load is from 2 to 3 miles per hour, so the hauling two round trips where the average haul is 7 or 8 miles. In poor road districts one trip per day will be the limit, and in bad weather no leads can be moved. The high hauling costs which now prevail, can be reduced by providing three essentials, namely: (a) good roads, (b) economical motive power, and (c) efficient transportation and distributing systems. It is not necessary to touch upon the good roads program, as there are quantities of information covering all phases of this important subject. Much, however, remains to be said about the two remaining items. The power tractor and the motor truck are destined to revolutionize farm transportation. While the power tractor is rapidly replacing the horse in farm operations, its adaptability as a locomotive in hauling loads to market is not generally known. The progressive farmer, however, is beginning to realize the fact.

**THE HIGH COST OF LIVING.**  
It seems curious to me that almost all countries should, until taught by misfortune, fail to recognize the primary and indispensable place of agriculture in sound national development. We are now realizing the full importance of the farmer to the nation, but it is not bad that it should be. The highest prices ever known for food and misery and suffering that are caused by these high prices make it wake up to what should be a self-evident proposition. It may be that middlemen, that food-holding corporations have something to do with the phenomenon. It is not necessary to touch upon this part to do with it, nor could any combination be effective, if there were a sound agriculture basis. We are now realizing the full importance of the farmer to the nation; stave it and the nation dies. Land without population is a wilderness, but population with out land is a mob. Our only way to get back to sound, normal basis is to get "back to the farm."

Two Boys and Two Farms  
It was a fine group of buildings and there was no need for apology in the pride with which Fred's father always said, "this is home." Fred's father kept high-class pure-bred horses and these were being sold for a good price. Fred was returning home that particular afternoon to find a fine young mare in a serious condition through having received an overfeed of grain given by Fred. The first thing Fred's father did upon learning the particulars of the case was to tell Fred plainly, even vulgarly, just how little he thought of his son's ability for a boy of his age. Had Fred's father given vent to his anger in the way Fred would have felt, his position keenly enough, but as it happened before strangers Fred's humiliation was marked and he showed it.

It was not long after this that the boy's affection for the mare or knew that he thought a lot more of her than he did, that the feed of grain had been given in a moment of indulgence, and from seeing the reason why the boy regretted his action very keenly. Here was an opportunity to impress upon the boy a lesson in the science of feeds and feeding, but it was lost in a fit of anger. Fred, perhaps, what was his own importance was that the father had lost a share of Fred's confidence, or at least widened the breach just a little between his son and himself. He wondered just what Fred would say to him when he came home and nine years to his life if he received the same rebukes for all his mistakes as he grows older. Will he stay on the farm or will he leave it?

There is another farm where pure-bred cattle are kept, or at least Harry and his father are just getting into them. Harry owns the first pure-bred calf born on the farm, bought for him by his father, and registered in his name. Harry also named him. His father, perhaps, made several suggestions. More than that, Harry knows the name of every pure-bred animal on the place, and the sire and dam of most of them. Further, he knows a good deal of the history of the breed. Harry's father said he himself had to know something about the breed and he thought Harry might as well learn breed ancestry along with him as other stuff, especially when he liked it.

Harry took a trip of some hundred miles not long ago with his father to buy some stock. "Needed his judgment," said his father, and Harry at twelve has it. Harry is not a boy, but the farm could not get along without him. In another decade the farm is going to really need Harry. We wonder what he will do. Somehow we cannot see him leaving that herd of cattle. Just yet the buildings are not all that might be or the farm in its best shape, but that does not matter—it will be something to work for. The question is—will Harry be with it? If this herd is not enough to hold him, there is the school football team of which he is captain and which his father helps support, as another hold on him. If the team sticks together through another ten years Harry will be a senior company and one of the best. Will this help hold him, and will it make him less a farmer?

**TIPS.**  
It is interesting to hear the boast of the snob: "I would not, in the United States, think of giving any man less than twenty-five cents for a tip," and to consider the implied conclusion that if the man who is paying full price for his accommodation at a hotel, or a railway station, or a barber shop, does not pay over again at this liberal rate to those who serve him, he might expect to be treated with neglect and contempt. There was a time when living memory when an American would have considered himself insulted in his manhood by being offered a tip, however keen he might be in getting a fair return for any service rendered. But the sampanites did not govern Americans abroad who found in all old world countries a system of servility, tempered by a fairly well understood tariff of fees, and who soon managed to substitute a policy for coppers in these countries to the indignation of those who had before been able to estimate their expenses of that sort. These half-handled spenders readily brought their lordly usages back to their own country, where the attendants were no longer Americans, but strangers from the countries where such customs prevailed. Conditions ensued which make travelling embarrassing to all who have to come to their expenses with care.

Efforts have often been made to protect the public against imposition of this sort, and employers from losses caused by the reciprocal generosity of servants. Railway companies in Great Britain have posted notices everywhere declaring that any servant taking a gratuity would be dismissed. It was greatly to the railway's interest to do this, as a moderate fee would often secure a passenger extra accommodation that, even if received by the company, it would by no means pay for. But such prohibitions had no effect. There continued to be the well understood "tip" system, and the porter and shilling or half crown to the guard, according to the length of the journey and the favours looked for. And there was no secret about it. It was the public way, and the public business. The public certainly gets better attendance than at stations where, while there is no tipping, it is often hard to find anyone to answer a question. Hotels have often been started in Great Britain and on the Continent, on the principle that all fees were included in the bill, but people would go on feeling and we have known the man who called "hine waiter, adding to his long and weary journey, "I am in the very bill he after that day's business is over, drew up and like a sturdy beggar, declaring that he always got it.

Senator Davis, from Saskatchewan, belongs in Prince Albert to those earlier conditions of society in which one man is as good as another, in which each serves another freely, or gets frankly paid for what he does, for another. Nothing makes one of these great men so mad as to be haughty among scoundrels, insolently neglectful unless he pays twice court and asked impudent questions about his business. When a financier gets hold of the railroad, he does wonderful things with it, buying other railroads right and left and increasing its capital stock and bonded person offering a fee is to be able to fine or imprisonment. There developed nothing but approval of this measure when it

was introduced in the Senate. It will be interesting to follow it through both houses, if it gets as far, and then to follow its effect, or non-effect if it passes. Unless there is enforcement sufficient to suppress those who obey this law, it will be null, and worse than null. There will always be advocates of the tipping system. There is a certain pride on looking on a once as of superior stuff to those he whom one is served. There are those who have this notion of superiority bred in the grain of their being. There are those who take it on readily as their circumstances improve. There are those who are simply benevolent, and who like the idea of sharing their abundance with those to whom the same amount seems so much more. We are likely to hear from all such before the bill becomes law. But, it is likely to have the sympathy of the mass of the community that has to count its cents. There are those who have never entered a barber shop since the custom of shaving their own persons was by the lavishness of their largesse found its way there.

**FINANCIERS.**  
A financier is a man who can make two dollars grow for you all where one grew for someone else before.  
The financier does not do this by earning the money. This would be too simple. Anyone can earn money. He does it by ways in which common people and governments are not supposed to be able to understand. If the financier had a dollar and needed two, he would not hide the dollar under a rock and earn another. He would use the dollar as first payment on a ten dollar bill and he would then bond the bill for a twenty dollar gold piece at seventeen dollars for one dollar to forty-five cents. He would then discount the bill at the bank at the rate of a half interest in the open market and he would have a short term note.

This is the difference between a financier and the common man. The financier would buy a business. It is thus readily apparent that a financier is a very great man, and should be treated with respect. It is often hard to find anyone to answer a question. Hotels have often been started in Great Britain and on the Continent, on the principle that all fees were included in the bill, but people would go on feeling and we have known the man who called "hine waiter, adding to his long and weary journey, "I am in the very bill he after that day's business is over, drew up and like a sturdy beggar, declaring that he always got it.

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## W. C. T. U. COLUMN

## Story of a Dry Town

(By Milton C. Wilcox.)

Previous to April 8, 1912, Mountain View, Santa Clara County, California, with a population of between 1,500 and 2,000, was blessed with (or shall we say, bore the burden of) seven saloons. The revenue that the town derived from these saloons amounted to \$300 each, or an aggregate of \$2,100 a year. The condition of the town was such that a wholesale liquor dealer, delighted with the place, climatic conditions, natural and railway advantages, refused to purchase, solely because he would not bring his family into such surroundings. April 8, 1912, the saloons were voted out; the town went dry. Three months later, July 8, 1912, the saloons were closed. In the campaign preceding the closing, it was predicted by the liquor men and feared by the faint-hearted, that "prohibition would kill the town," "grass would grow in its streets," etc.

The leading saloon-keeper, after election, held a funeral in his saloon. The coffin draped in black, with the conventional candles at its head and foot, with the legend, "Mountain View is Dead," was displayed in the windows of his saloon.

But Mountain View still survives, a little more than one and one-half years from the time the saloons were closed.

The town lost the yearly revenue of \$2,100; it lost the business of the saloon keepers, which, according to their statement, amounted to \$75,000 annually—largely the "booze" bill of the little town.

The saloon keepers drew from the one bank in town deposits to the amount of \$19,000. Seven empty buildings stood staring out upon the streets.

ONE YEAR LATER.

In one year from that date, the

one bank had not only replaced the \$19,000 withdrawn, but had received \$42,000 more in deposits. That is, the deposits in this one bank were increased the first year after the closing of the saloons, \$61,000.

A new bank was opened this year, with deposits of \$44,000.

There were erected in this "dead" town, in an unusually hard year, the following:

A new bank building.....	\$ 10,805
A new concrete business block where a steam beer joint had stood.....	10,000
2 new churches, \$8,000 and \$10,000 respectively.....	18,000
34 new residences, averaging \$2,000 each.....	68,000
Additions to cannery.....	10,000
Improvements at Pacific Press printing plant.....	7,000

New building operations in the year following the closing of the saloons aggregating.....\$129,805

The secretary of the Board of Trade, who furnished these figures, interviewed twenty business firms, and the increased average in business was 26 per cent. Collections were reported better, in some cases as high as 60 per cent.

Every saloon building occupied by legitimate business except two. One saloon building was replaced by a fine business block. Nineteen months later the remainder were all used for legitimate purposes. One and two-thirds years from the time the saloons closed, the writer of this little article interviewed twelve business men, bankers, attorneys, merchants, druggists, publishers, editors, lumbermen, etc. Invariably their testimony is for a dry town. Here are expressions in

writing from these well-informed men:

"Business conditions better than ever before, and still improving."

"The greatest improvements in building in twelve years, since the town went dry."

"Analysis of my business (number) fails to show the loss of one dollar traceable to the absence of saloons in our midst. On the other hand, it would be, I think, in the compass of truth, to say that a goodly portion of the business that we have had since the change from wet to dry can be traced directly to the absence of the saloon."

"The abolishment of the saloons in the town has resulted most beneficially in the progress, prosperity, morality, and increase of population."

"Business and the town have both greatly improved." "Collections are better." "Those who used to spend their money in the saloons and let their creditors wait, now pay their bills promptly." "Those who used to visit the saloons on pay-day before going home, and often let their families go ragged, hungry, and barefoot, now carry their wages home, all of them, and the families are wearing better clothes."

"It is a better town to grow boys and girls than one with saloons." "Business has improved already since the closing of the saloon, and the expense attending crime has been reduced."

"From a business standpoint we have every reason to congratulate ourselves, as from every viewpoint, this is improvement, but the most marked improvement is in our collections."

"New buildings, both business houses and private dwellings, have gone up; and notwithstanding the number of new residences, newcomers are unable to find a place to rent."

"Since the town went dry I have changed my business from a credit to cash business, and am now doing 35 per cent. for cash more than I did when giving credit." "The tax rate has been lowered and there is a feeling that it could be lowered still more."

"Formerly there were a large number of drunks and disorderlies, but there have not been more than two in all the time since said election." "Our streets are in the best condition that the town has ever known."

"There are now a large number of men who voted for saloons at the last election who openly state that they would vote against them now, as they have seen enough to know it is not necessary to sound conditions and is positively a social menace."

"Should we come to another vote in Mountain View, the majority would be considerable more against saloons than the first time. If we could only get people to think on this question, they soon must feel and then act."

"The places formerly used as saloons have been converted into business houses, and other shacks used for saloons have been removed entirely, and substantial business houses erected."

"At the beginning of the present fiscal year, nearly two years after the saloons closed, there was in round numbers \$10,000 in the town treasury, a sum nearly twice that at any previous time in the history of the town, notwithstanding the tremendous amount the town expended in street work and other improvements."

"The demand for good houses for tenants always exceeds the supply, and since the town went dry, there is not a desirable vacant house in town."

Expressions like the above from business men could be greatly multiplied.

The saloon building where the funeral of Mountain View was held, is now occupied by the largest furniture store in town. There are three garages.

Is there any liquor selling? Some, illegally, but growing less. No fights and drunken men or drunken brawls on the streets. Police court always idle. Well-dressed citizens and children where formerly there were drunks and ragged children.

Money spent for furniture, clothes, food, and savings banks rather than the saloon. Town jail always empty.

This in brief is the story of one town from a material standpoint.

Visit the town and interview the men and women. We cannot express in words the real comfort of heart it is to many fathers and mothers and homes. Go to other towns. Visit Redlands and Riverside, comparing them with San Bernardino. Go to Woodland, closed since 1910. Go to hundreds of other towns and learn the same rainbow-tinted story, not of a dream, but of actual realities. Aside from the moral effect, not to be measured by money, it is a mighty good investment for any town, city, state, or country to make. It is no longer an experiment that a dry community is a success. Its success is a demonstrated fact to all sober, home-loving people, to all business men.

## LIFE THREATENED BY KIDNEY DISEASE

His Health in A Terrible State Until He Took "Fruit-a-Lives"

"About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. My kidneys were not doing their work, and I was all run down in condition. I felt the need of some good remedy, and having seen 'Fruit-a-Lives' advertised, I decided to try them. Their effect I found more than satisfactory. Their action was mild and the result all that could be expected."

"My kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes and I regained my old-time vitality. Today, I am as well as ever; the best health I have ever had."

"Fruit-a-Lives" is the greatest Kidney remedy in the world. It acts on the bowels and the skin as well as the kidneys and thereby cures and cures any Kidney soreness."

"Fruit-a-Lives" is sold by all dealers at 50¢ a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25¢, and will be sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-Lives Limited, Ottawa."

B. A. KELLY, Esq.

HACKENSVILLE, Ont., Aug. 29th, 1913.

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"My kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes and I regained my old-time vitality. Today, I am as well as ever; the best health I have ever had."

"Fruit-a-Lives" is the greatest Kidney remedy in the world. It acts on the bowels and the skin as well as the kidneys and thereby cures and cures any Kidney soreness."

"Fruit-a-Lives" is sold by all dealers at 50¢ a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25¢, and will be sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-Lives Limited, Ottawa."

B. A. KELLY, Esq.

## Clydesdale Stallion



## DUNNYDEER

(Imp.) \$130, will stand season 1914 as follows:

Monday and Tuesday—Home.

Wednesday—Tom Roberts' Farm, 10:30 and 4 p.m.

Thursday and Friday—Home.

Saturday—Daggs' Livery Barn, Lacombe, 10 and 4 p.m.

Usual Terms.

H. J. ANGELL, EVANS, Proprietor.

See Cup for best colt sired by this horse in window of Director Chas. Watkins' store.

For conditions see Agricultural Society Price List.



## M. Mecklenburg Eye Specialist

of Edmonton

(315 Jasper East; Phone 5225)

29 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

10 YEARS IN ALBERTA.

(European, American and Canadian Diplomas)

Will again be at the

Adelphi Hotel

Lacombe, on

Saturday, May 30

Charges Moderate. Come and See.

(A22-6c)

## IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF CALGARY

NOTICE

To Fred and William Melin

lately of Wetburg, Alberta.

TAKE NOTICE that an action has been commenced in this Court against you by Robert Grosvenor to recover \$175.14 and interest due on three promissory notes made on the 15th March, 28th June, and 24th August, 1911, by you in his favor. You are to enter an appearance in such action at my office at the Court House, Calgary, by the 11th June, 1914, and in default of your so doing the plaintiff may proceed to judgment without further notice.

Dated at Calgary this 11th day of May, 1914.

D. MCCOLL HARDIE,

(M13-3c) Clerk of the Court.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given by the Town of Lacombe, Alberta, that it will during the year 1914 construct a concrete sidewalk as follows:

Along the south side of Barnett Avenue from the Calgary and Edmonton Trail to Mathias Street of the said Town, 60 inches wide.

Along the south side of Hamilton Avenue from the Calgary and Edmonton Trail and Day Street of the said Town, 48 inches wide.

Also a curb on the outside of the boulevard on the south side of Hamilton Avenue between the Calgary and Edmonton Trail and Day Street of the said Town.

The above will be constructed under the Local Improvement Section of the "Town Act" of the Statutes of Alberta, 1912, Chapter 2 and amendments thereto, and the cost thereof except the cost of construction over any intervening streets, lanes or alleys and half the cost of construction at corner lots which are already paying frontage taxes for concrete walks already constructed, which costs will be borne by the Municipality at large to be paid for from current revenue account.

The balance will be assessed against the lands fronting upon the aforesaid streets whereon or wherein the said walk and curb will be constructed as aforesaid by special frontage assessment spread over a period of 20 years, and the said work will be proceeded with as soon as practicable unless a majority of the owners of the lands to be affected there by, representing at least one-half the value thereof, petition the Council of the said Town against the same within two weeks after the last publication of this notice.

Dated at Lacombe, Alberta, this 20th day of May, 1914.

E. J. TEIT,

See Treas. Town of Lacombe (M20-2)

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## Auction Sale of BULLS

## LACOMBE, JUNE 2nd, 1914

Shorthorns	- -	40
Herefords	- -	3
Aberdeen Angus	- -	6
Ayrshires	- -	1
Holsteins	- -	1

51 bulls

Freight paid to buyers nearest railway station in Alberta for \$3.00; to Saskatchewan and British Columbia mainland points, \$5.00 per head. Bulls loaded on cars by sellers.

Under the auspices of the Alberta Department of Agriculture and the Alberta Cattle Breeders' Association.

J. L. WALTERS, Clive, President

E. L. RICHARDSON, Calgary, Secretary

## Houses to Let

A Small Comfortable House, 3 rooms, with good garden, on Gourlay street, \$8.00 per month.

A good 6-room Cottage, with small stable or garage, on the corner of Park and Archibald Streets.

Large Rooming House on the east side of the C.P.R. Railway.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On Town or Farm Property, at low rates and on easy terms for payment.

Building Loans can be arranged for parties who wish to erect new buildings.



## Lacombe District News

## Castor News

W. Buchan arrived back in Castor on Monday evening from Edmonton. Mr. Buchan accompanied Mrs. Buchan and babe as far as Edmonton, from where Mrs. Buchan left for her home in Manitoba to spend the summer. The first election since Hanna was incorporated as a town will take place next Thursday in the town hall. H. H. Halliday and J. C. Trenaman are running for mayor. Seven candidates are in the race for the council, being as follows: Finkbeiner, Jamieson, Lott, McLeod, Odell, Stephens and Wood.

The Castor branch of the Orange Association held a very successful reorganization meeting on Friday last, a large number being present. Mr. J. W. Lott was elected W.M.; C. Rathwell, deputy; Rev. F. J. Hartley as chaplain and Rev. L. R. McDonald as lecturer. Ed. Matthias, treasurer; W. T. Mitchell, financial secretary; D. W. Paradise, recording secretary.

At our Lady of the Rosary general hospital on Wednesday, May 20th, 1914, John Boyle, of Coronation, aged 65, who has been suffering from heart trouble for the past three months, passed away. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church to the Castor cemetery on Wednesday afternoon at 3 p.m., being conducted by the Rev. F. J. Hartley.

You take no chances about your Eyes when you consult M. Mecklenburg, the well-known, reputable, and long-experienced Sight Specialist, who will again be at the Adelphi Hotel, Lacombe, on Saturday, May 30th.

## Stettler News

Quite a number of people were out to the lake on Sunday, the fine weather being the attraction. Vegetation is further advanced at the lake than in town and the trees are practically in leaf.

Jason Smith and son are at work under way with their new building on North Calhoun street, which is to be used for their bottling works. The building is 18x48, 2 stories and will give much more accommodation than they have at present. Owing to lack of room the firm has not been able to fill all their orders, but will be in a position to do so this year.

Messrs. J. Kirkpatrick and E. M. Whiteside, of Zenith, brought thirty head of cattle into town on Tuesday and sold them to Mr. Everhardy for a good figure. They were probably the finest lot of cattle brought from town this season, and both men found them much more profitable than grain growing. One of the four-year-old heifers weighed 1,510 pounds, and the average for the thirty head was 1,360 pounds.

The subject of "oil" is much discussed in town at present, particularly as the district has been declared by geologists to be of the same formation as that part of Alberta where the oil has been struck, and several local men are strong in their opinion of the feasibility of boring for oil here with local capital, instead of sending out money for the development of the Calgary fields. Whether the movement will lead to the formation of a local company cannot be announced at present, but indications point that way.

Poor appetite is a sure sign of impaired digestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will strengthen your digestion and improve your appetite. Thousands have been benefited by taking these Tablets. Sold by City Pharmacy. (3)

L.I.D. No. 398

Council for Local Improvement District No. 139 met at the Grand Hotel, Alx., at 1:30 p.m. on May 18th. All the members were present. B. F. Allison in the chair.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and confirmed. A long discussion took place

ECONOMICAL—Heats the house well without burning all the coal you can buy.

**McClary's Sunshine Furnace** Gives steady, even heat on least fuel. See the McClary dealer or write for booklet. Sold by A. M. CAMPBELL

over correspondence between the Council and Department of Public Works, bridges condemned in the district, the board finally agreeing to haul material and fix approaches if the department would repair or build.

Authority was given the Secretary-Treasurer to sue the Western Townships Company for arrears of taxes in Lignite Township.

Council agreed to purchase a typewriter on condition that the Secretary buy same from the Council before expiring of current year.

The following accounts were passed:

Alx. Free Press, assess- ment supplies, \$20.00

Sec. Treas., salary, 100.00

Pay Sheet, labor Div. 2 17.25

Pay Sheet, labor Div. 3 26.25

Pay Sheet, labor Div. 4 21.40

Councilman's Fees Div. 2 15.00

Councilman's Fees Div. 3 13.80

Councilman's Fees Div. 4 15.60

Councilman's Fees Div. 5 24.40

Councilman's Fees Div. 6 9.20

G. G. Norris, 15.00

P. RUSSELL, Sec. Treas.

## Arbordale News

Those who are contemplating putting their orders in for binder twine this season, come prepared to do so at the next U.F.A. meeting here on June 1st. It will be to your own benefit. A good turnout is requested.

The hard time social that is to be given by the Fairview Ladies' Aid, will be held on Wednesday night, June 3rd, at eight o'clock. Refreshments will be served—ice cream, cake and coffee. Admission 25c., children 15c. An excellent program is being prepared. There will be a prize given to the best dressed hard timer, lady and gentleman. The judging of this alone will be worth the price of admission to witness. Come one, come all. A fine of 5c. will be inflicted on those coming with their good clothes on.

We are sorry to hear of the death of Miss Mary Embreit, and the heartfelt sympathy of this district is extended to the parents in this their time of bereavement.

Grain is up and looking fine and healthy in this district, and a bumper crop is expected.

Hunt up your old rags and discarded clothes and follow the big "red" where? Why, the hard time social on Wednesday, June 3rd, of course.

The next regular meeting of the Arbordale Local Union will be held in the school house on Monday night. Every member, if possible, is requested to attend, and to bring three items of importance that were laid aside last meeting, owing to insufficient numbers being present, will be brought up again for discussion.

Mr. Inglis, of Lacombe, will speak on the Mutual Life Insurance head of "oil". So a good attendance is requested.—E. Madden, Sec. Treas.

Your Eyes require the very best attention, and M. Mecklenburg, of 315 Jasper Ave. East, Edmonton, is the very one to consult. He will again be at the Adelphi Hotel, Lacombe, on Saturday, May 30th.

## Fairview News

The crops are looking fine here now. Everyone has finished seeding.

B. S. Burke has been busy the past week shooting coyotes. They are thick here now.

R. E. Fawcett, who has been visiting his mother here the past week, returned to Loyalist on Monday.

D. Reister and family spent Sunday at Mrs. Schrumm's.

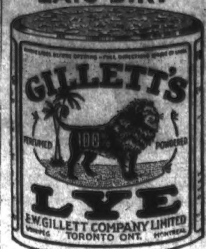
Miss L. Northwood and Miss E. Duncker visited home during Sunday.

J. Gourlay and family spent Sunday last at Mr. and Mrs. T. Stevart's.

Mr. Duncker has been busy last week remodeling G. Tisdale's house.

Don't forget the hard time social on June 3rd held in the church.

## GILLETTS' LYE EATS DIRT



Everybody invited. Bring your old clothes.

A number of the young people went to the celebration at Blackfalds on Monday and reported a good time.

Members of the Fawcett family would like to know what takes Mr. Fawcett out about six nights out of the week. D. C. says it is practice for the social, but his mother doesn't believe it.

All events cast their shadows before them. "Mutt" visited the farm on Sunday last.

## ACADEMY NOTES

Mrs. Robert Van Buskirk and children left Rosedale Monday for the camp east of Calgary, where her husband is working.

Miss H. G. McCullough has returned from her trip to Calgary and points south, where she went in the interests of temperance.

Cal Smith was a week-end visitor at the Academy. He has recently returned from spending the winter in Southern California, and says that Lacombe is good enough for him.

The Missionary Volunteer Society gave an instructive program last Friday evening. Several temperance songs were rendered, and the evils of intemperance were clearly set forth in talks and recitations. The following day the regular church services took up the advance steps of temperance reform in Europe, United States, and the provinces of Alberta, British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

The final examinations of the second semester are set for June 4, 5 and 8. The closing programs will be held as follows: Junior Class, Tuesday, June 2; Graduate Music Recital, Thursday, June 4; Senior Class, Friday, June 5; Commencement, Monday, June 8. All these programs are set for eight in the evening. Baccalaureate sermon, Sabbath, June 6, 11 a.m.

Rev. W. F. Gold, General Secretary of the Alberta Temperance and Moral Reform League, will give a stereotyped lecture on temperance at the Academy Saturday evening, May 31, 8:30 o'clock. This lecture will be of of unusual interest, and a cordial welcome is extended to all those interested in the prohibition movement now sweeping over the province. The Moral Reform League, together with the Independent Order of Good Templars, the W.C.T.U. and other organizations of like character, are doing a splendid work along temperance lines, and need the co-operation of every citizen of that which is clean in the home, the province and the nation.

On Monday evening, May 25, an excellent program was rendered by the Public Speaking Class and the Music Department.

Academy Chorus, "By the Rivers of Babylon"; Piano Solo, "The Little Stow-away"; L. A. Philpott; Organ Solo, "The Alpine Hunter"; Edith Wallace.

Exposition, "Irrigation"; A. C. Patterson; Recitation, "Which Shall It Be?" Marian Rathje.

Piano Solo, "Silvery Waves"; Susie Hayval.

Demonstration of Physical Science, Carl Wilson.

Piano Duet, "The Two Juveniles"; Misses Haywood and Ruth Wallace.

Discourse, "Jupiter as Revealed by Science and Inspiration"; Earl Carle.

Piano Trio, "Gaiety Gavotte"; Mrs. Adams, Lydia Christensen and Susie Hayval.

Disquisition, "The Existence of God"; Prof. J. I. Beane.

Academy Chorus, "On Jordan's Stormy Banks";

Rev. Irwin and Mr. and Mrs.

Brooks are attending conference at Calgary this week. There will be no preaching next Sunday evening, but a song service will be held, with Mrs. Lyndahl as leader.

Miss H. Roscoe, of Edmonton, arrived in town on Monday and on Wednesday took up school duties in the Symonds district.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. P. Donnelly, Friday, May 22nd.

The U.F.A. organization received another car of wine last week from the Sarnia Fence Co. They are now making up their order for binder twine, and all those wanting twine are requested to send in their order at once. At their regular meeting Saturday night it was decided that they would hold their annual picnic on July 1st.

Mr. Frank Adams and Miss Addie Allison were joined together in marriage last Saturday at the Anglican Church by Rev. Brandt. These young folks need no introduction, as they are well known here. Mr. Adams having lived near the north end of the lake for several years. The bride is third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Allison, and has always lived here. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present at the marriage.

We extend best wishes for a long and happy married life.

The young folks gathered at the home of Perry Bunch last Saturday evening and gave Mr. G. Chids a surprise, it being his birthday. A very pleasant time was had at outdoor and other games. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

Ken Waters returned last Saturday from Edmonton, accompanied by his mother and aunt, who will remain here for the summer. A car of hogs are being marketed from here this week.

## Bentley News

Victoria Day has again come and gone, and many bruised shins and sore hands are still reminding many of us of that glorious day.

Eight Bentley auto parties attended the Victoria celebration at Blackfalds Monday, and all had a good time. The Bentley football team, and Rainy Creek baseball team took part in the tournament there, and each team winning the second prize was pretty good.

James McPherson expects to move his family to "Thistle Inn" Gull Lake, this week and be ready for the season's business, which is starting in unusually early this year.

Bentley is to hold a public meeting of its citizens to discuss the incorporation of same into a village. The meeting is called for Wednesday night, June 3rd, 1914, at the McPherson Hall. All voters of the proposed village are requested to attend and present their views.

The dance on Saturday night was well attended and an enjoyable time was had. Dick Sambrook has been called to fill a position near Saskatoon, where his brother Will is working, and leaves for that place on Thursday.

Most of the auto owners of this place have joined the Automobile Club at Lacombe, and arrangements are being made to improve the worst places in the main roads.

Nearly one hundred people of the Bentley district attended the Victoria Day celebration at Blackfalds Monday, and we hope that they will return the compliment on July 1st.

Yes, Bentley expects to celebrate Dominion Day again this year, bigger and better than ever. Make your dates read "Dominion Day at Bentley".

Many cottagers are already moving to the Gull Lake resort. B. W. Burke, of Edmonton, is already there, and Mr. Henderson.

## FOR SALE

4 Oxen, well broken, 1 Van Stack Breaker, the Oxen only or complete breaking outfit. Apply to T. Coates, Bentley, Alta. (M37-4)

**The Royal Bank of Canada** BENTLEY, ALBERTA Sub branch to Lacombe Office hours 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

**C. F. DAMRON** Live Stock & Farm Sale AUCTIONEER

**BENTLEY - ALBERTA** 20 years' experience buying, selling and trading live stock, quality no one as a valuator of your stock. Can render service that will please.

**J.P. McPHERSON** Notary Public and Conveyancer Loans and Insurance. Issued of Marriage Licenses BENTLEY ALBERTA

of that place, will move into the Bishop cottage June 1st. Methodist service, Sunday, May 31st—Bentley, 7:30 p.m.; Rainy Creek, 11 a.m.; Centerville, 3 p.m.

Epworth League Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Everybody welcome.

Rev. Winfield left Thursday to attend conference at Calgary.

**GOVERNMENT READY FOR CONTINGENCIES IN NORTH OR**

London, May 26.—Despatches at hand from the north of Ireland this morning indicate that government preparations are well advanced to meet any contingency that might arise during the next few days. The first battalion Duke of Cornwall's light infantry at Dundalk have received orders to be ready to go north this week. The first battalion Dorsetshire regiment have returned from camp and are at Holywood in readiness. Over 1,000 armed policemen in multi uniform have entered Ulster.

Paint your barn with Sherwin-Williams Barn Paint—Morrison & Johnston, Ltd.

## Money In Your Pockets

Every farmer read this carefully, it is to your own best interests and money in your pockets.

In an interview with Mr. Rainey, of the Clover Leaf Farm, 3 miles west and 1 mile south of Blackfalds, the Western Globe has authority to say:

To encourage farmers to look forward to breeding better horses, Mr. Rainey, formerly a director of the Alberta Horse Breeders' Association, has placed his champion Clydesdale Stallion, Citizen's Best (9949), by Imported Royal Citizen, owner of Agnes, in service at the Clover Leaf Farm, S.E. 1/4 Sec. 18-39-27 W. 4th, and those who wish to improve their horse stock can avail themselves of the service of this magnificent Clydesdale, Citizen's Best (9949), grand champion two-year-old at the Coast, also champion at Calgary and second in open competition of fourteen Clydesdales, seven of which were imported. The horse is in splendid breeding condition and the fees are placed as low as to discourage breeding to Grades and raise the standard of breeding generally throughout the Lacombe district. Only \$9.00 will be charged to insure with foal, and all mares pastured absolutely free. The Clover Leaf Farm, the home of Citizen's Best, is fenced completely with smooth wire, no barbed-wire fences here. A certificate of breeding is issued for each mare.

Citizen's Best the past season has proved himself exceptionally sure. This Clydesdale could be induced to stand two days out of each week away from home where most wanted. Prospective breeders are always welcome to the farm and can see the progeny of Citizen's Best before booking. They are a credit to any horse. Special terms can be arranged for other than insured mares. Send mares direct to farm, or write

**Edwin Rainey,** Blackfalds, Alta. (M27-4c)

Take notice on Tuesday, June 9th at 11 o'clock I will sell at

**Public Auction** in Morningside, my entire stock of New and Second-Hand Goods, Farm Machinery of all kinds; Household Goods; 4 young, well broke Mares and Horses; 1,300 feet Good Lumber; Lot 3 in Block 2 with Store Building 16x40ft; 1 vacant lot on Front St. tract.

As I am leaving for the far north I can take nothing with me. There will be no bidding nor reserve. As this is a big sale it will start on time. FREE LUNCH. TERMS CASH. CHAS. M. CAMPBELL, Owner.

**O. G. WEBSTER,** AUCTIONEER

**For Sale** 153 acres, half mile from Blackfalds, some improvements, \$25 per acre.

158 acres, some improvements, 44 miles from Blackfalds, half mile from school, \$2,300; terms easy.

A quarter section 11 miles west of Blackfalds, 5 miles from Sylvan Lake P.O. and stations, 26 acres under cultivation, buildings, fences, well, etc., \$2,700 cash; \$700, balance on easy terms.

**J. McNicol** Blackfalds, Alta.

**DR. DEVAN'S FRENCH PILLS** For Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, etc. Sold by all druggists or mailed to any address. Price 25c. Per box. Dr. Devan, 100, St. Catherine Street, Montreal, Canada.

**PHOSPHORUS FOR MEN.** For Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, etc. Sold by all druggists or mailed to any address. Price 25c. Per box. Dr. Devan, 100, St. Catherine Street, Montreal, Canada.

Follow the signboard to McPherson's Mill and get lumber at your own prices.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF WETASKIWIN.**

Between Putland and Thorp, Plaintiffs, and Henry O'Neill, Defendant.

To HENRY O'NEILL, the above-named defendant:

You are hereby notified that an action has been commenced in this Court against you for the recovery of the sum of \$116.35, the amount due under a certain promissory note made by you in favor of the plaintiff, and you are commanded by the order of His Honor Judge Lees, made the 18th day of May, 1914, to enter an appearance to the said action and file your statement of defence in the office of the Deputy Clerk of this Honorable Court at the City of Red Deer, in the Province of Alberta, on or before the 10th day of June, 1914; otherwise the said Deputy Clerk of the said Court will enter judgment against you for the amount of the claim herein, together with interest thereon and the costs of this action.

Dated at the Town of Lacombe, in the Province of Alberta, this 19th day of May, 1914.

**EDWIN H. JONES,** Solicitor for the Plaintiffs, Lacombe. (M20.3c)

**SNAPS AT THE NEW AND SECOND HAND STORE**

1 Reo Automobile, in first-class shape, for sale or trade; will demonstrate.

1 Set of Books on Motor Cars and Motoring, self-taught, 6 vol.; Tamarack, Posts and Barbed Wire; Perfect and Standard Bicycles; Tires and Accessories; Chiffonier; 1 Folding Bed; 2 Bed Couches; Beds, Springs and Mattresses; 1 Sewing Machine; 1 Hall Stand; 1 Tent, 12x14; Camp Stoves and Cooking Utensils; Dishes; Extension and Kitchen Tables; Washing Machines, Tubs and Boilers; 5 Phonographs, 8 Violins and Cases; 3 Banjos; 1 Guitar; 2 Mandolins; 2 Pianos; Violin Trimmings, etc.

Best Auto Cylinder Oil, 5 gallon cans, \$5.00.

See my new Monarch Enterprise Polished Steel Top Range. See me for 22 Rifles and Ammunition.

**O. BOODE, P. M. F.** Nanton St.

**C. F. DAMRON** AUCTIONEER. CLARENCE STANLEY, Owner. J. P. McPHERSON, Clerk.

**HOUSEHOLD GOODS** New 6-hole Range, new Kitchen Cabinet, Extension Table, 6 Chairs; Rocker; Washing Machine and Wringer; 2 Beds complete; DeLaval Cream Separator; Churn; Cooking Utensils; Dishes, and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS—All sums up to \$20, cash; over that amount a credit of 6 months will be given on approved joint bankable note bearing 8 per cent. interest; 5 per cent. discount for cash.

**LUNCH AT NOON.**

**C. F. DAMRON** AUCTIONEER. CLARENCE STANLEY, Owner. J. P. McPHERSON, Clerk.

**Great West Oil Lands, Ltd.**

**Special Issue**

**50c**

**Par Value \$1.00**

**Non-Assessable**

**All Stock Sold Used for DEVELOPMENT WORK**

**Agent**

**L. A. Hill**

**Lumber Merchant**

**Blackfalds - Alberta**



# Trunks and Suit Cases

Trunks  
\$5.00  
to  
\$20.00



Suit Cases  
\$1.50  
to  
\$15.00

We have now in stock Trunks, Suit Cases, and Club Bags in different sizes and colors. The quality of these goods is of the best being manufactured by Eveleigh & Co., Montreal. The Eveleigh Trade Mark means a guarantee of satisfaction—a guarantee of honest material and workmanship—a guarantee of the best value for the money paid.

Furniture

MORRISON &amp; JOHNSTON, LTD.

Furniture

## Beware of the Oil Share Shark

Several business men of Lacombe visited Calgary last week to get a line on the oil situation, from the standpoint of investors. They returned on Saturday, and their advice is to fight shy of oil shares, unless you have money to burn. "The oil share business in Calgary at present is a bigger gamble than the old-time shell game at a circus, only—in the circus game the sapper may give you a chance to win once, and in the oil share game you may never get your money out again," said one man versed in finance, and who has been selling attention to the share selling while in Calgary. "The newspapers of Calgary are greatly exaggerating the situation. Every day you can see columns about the great rise in the value of certain oil shares, and while the price rises all right to the buyers it is impossible for the suckers to unload their stock at any price. The promoters of the companies get all the money, and the demand for shares already purchased is all. You may purchase shares at 10c each and tomorrow you will see that they have risen to 30c, or 40c, but unless you are a promoter you cannot sell your holdings for what you paid for them. The plenteous oil in Calgary's boom, may say good-bye to their money right now, and start in saving up money for next winter, and the best advice anyone can take is to sell what they have now, no matter what company they have bought in, and make

their loss quick. The promoters will see that enough shares are sold to prevent it being a paying investment, even though they all strike oil—which they won't. This week the country is flooded with peddlers from the city who have shares to sell to the unsuspecting sucker who thinks he can see a way to get rich quick. The boom is over in Calgary as far as easy money is concerned, and the sharks have been compelled to go outside to unload their worthless shares. A gentleman just returned from the city says that in two days he was there the only money he saw was a couple of hundred dollars floating around the offices of brokers. There is no real demand for shares now. The bubble has burst, and those who were unfortunate enough to load up with shares on the impulse of the oil strike at the beginning, are sadder and wiser men."

There is no doubt but that Calgary has struck oil, and great good will result to the country from the strike, but if every company with a lease should strike oil, the Standard Oil Company sinks into insignificance, and their little billion dollar capital is as nothing. The Calgary oil sharks are in on a big scheme, and companies capitalized at from one to ten millions each are being put into insignificance, and their little billion dollar capital is as nothing. Be on the watch for the share peddlers this week and next. Turn them down with a dull, sickening thud, and you will have cause to shake hands with yourself many moons. The now, no matter what company they have bought in, and make

## Edmonton Politician's Pet Gets the Hook Once More Citizens Demand Clean-up

Edmonton, May 23.—"Be kind enough to send me today your resignation as chief constable for the city of Edmonton, the same to take effect on July 1st, or as soon as you desire." This ultimatum, written by Commissioner Booth yesterday afternoon, and delivered by special messenger to Chief Loney, about six o'clock, was the sensational feature that marked the conclusion of one of the most regrettable conditions that has ever characterized city affairs. For weeks and months the lid has been off and the city has been wide open. Gambling resorts and confidence games, conducted by some of the worst crooks that have ever been outside the gates of a penal colony, have been carried on at full blast. Houses of prostitution, already in marked evidence, increased so enormously in number that it is estimated by those who have made a thorough investigation of conditions that at least one hundred of these sink holes of iniquity have hung out their shingles in all quarters of the city. Loose women have

paraded the streets in the course of their nefarious business, in shameless disregard of the laws of common decency. Young girls, some of them under fifteen years of age have been found in some of these dens of vice, and have gone down to last night's shame and ruin. Moral leprosy, without other means of support, has lived on the earnings of the unfortunate women and girls, have increased in number until they have faced one at every turn, and have shamelessly sagged their connection with the trade. It is not an exaggeration to say there are from two to three hundred of these vultures who have preyed upon the frailty and weakness of young women. The number of loose women who have flaunted their vice in the faces of the respectable citizens of the community will astound those who have had no knowledge of what has been going on. Those who claim to know all the facts say that there are at least fifteen hundred of this class of women in the city.

What is more, they have been coming in by nearly every train, and have added others to the growing list of disorderly houses in the city.

In the face of this remarkable state of affairs, the police department has apparently been inactive. Well-known citizens of respectability have alleged that they have complained to the police, time after time of the existence of houses of prostitution in their vicinity, sometimes next door. The protests were without avail. The business was carried on more brazenly than before.

Not long ago a number of citizens complained to the school board of the presence of disorderly houses near the Queen's avenue school. This complaint was given publicity and was ventilated at a meeting of the school board, but nothing was done by the authorities to remove the houses out of commission. Investigations have proved this beyond the shadow of a doubt. These instances could be multiplied.

## DEVELOPMENT OF PROVINCIAL POLICY FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Since the Hon. J. R. Boyle, Minister of Education, announced his intention to develop a provincial policy for technical education, and appointed Dr. J. C. Miller as director, considerable progress has been made. The organization of this new department has been delayed somewhat owing to the fact that Dr. Miller has had to continue to act as Principal of the Normal School at Camrose until the close of the recent session, and was also assigned the duty of representing the Department of Education at the recent Agricultural Conference held at Ottawa under the chairmanship of Hon. Mr. Burrell, Minister of Agriculture.

During the months of March and April the director has conferred with the school boards, board of trade, and trades and labor councils in Medicine Hat and Lethbridge, and given public addresses on technical education in each of these cities. Addresses have also been given and conferences with school authorities held in Cardston, Magrath, Raymond, Stirling, Warner, Claresholm, Vermilion and Red Deer. In each and every centre the authorities and citizens were keenly interested in the new developments involved in the policy of the Minister of Education to have our schools serve a larger number, and give a somewhat modified service to those already able to take advantage of what the schools have to offer. The sympathetic and active cooperation of the local communities with the provincial director in making the industrial and educational surveys necessary to reveal clearly local and provincial conditions and needs, promises favorably for the successful development of the work represented by this new department.

In Medicine Hat, after a careful consideration of the city's present and future needs by the local educationalists, the school board and the provincial director, plans for a new composite high school have been prepared and accepted, and the construction of the building will be proceeded with as soon as the de-

butures are sold. Equipped and furnished the building will cost about \$300,000. The building provides for the following:

1. Administrative offices for the school board and the superintendent.
2. Offices for specialists.
3. Splendid gymnasium, with lockers, baths and swimming pool in connection therewith.
4. Three rooms for commercial department.
5. Class rooms for academic instruction and library.
6. Laboratories for the various sciences, taught in high school.
7. Full accommodation for courses in domestic science and household arts, kitchen and dining room, sewing, dressmaking and millinery, and laundry.
8. Accommodation for special instruction in music (including instrumental) and art.
9. A splendid assembly hall with stage and dressing rooms.
10. Accommodation for shop work, drafting, bench work in wood, wood turning and wood working machines, pattern work, forge work, machine shop practice, foundry practice and electrical workers' equipment.

The school is designed and located so as to meet as fully as possible the needs of the night students, as well as day students and part time students. When completed it will be an institution which will find its contracts with every phase of educational need felt in the community, and will be an institution of which the city will be proud.

Lethbridge also is facing the problem of additional accommodation for high school purposes. While this fair city of the south has the honor of having been the first in the province to provide advanced manual training, domestic science and preparatory technical courses, the school board, having already located a site, is now planning how best to design their new building so that by utilizing to the full the present technical building and the new high school all the educational needs of the community will be served to the best advantage.

In the academy at Raymond, accommodation and equipment for domestic science and workshop work have been provided. By special arrangement the children of Grades 7 and 8 of the public school are given instruction in the subjects in the academy. The new consolidated school at Warner, following consultation between the school board, the architect and provincial director of technical education, has been planned to provide shop work for the boys and domestic science for the girls, as well as a good science laboratory for the junior high school work. This building is to be erected this year, and is located in the neighborhood of \$300,000.

At the present time Dr. Miller is conferring with the educational authorities in the cities of the province, and securing from them information needed by the Minister of Education in order to determine the schedule of provincial grants in aid of the various phases of technical education.

Before returning to Edmonton the director will visit the following towns to look into the local conditions and needs: Banff, Bowhead, Macleod, Pincher, Canby, Lundbreck, Burnis, Hillcrest, Frank, Blairmore, Coleman, Lethbridge, Cardston, Taber, Medicine Hat, Redcliff, Bassano, Claresholm and Waskia. In the mining centres special attention will be given to the needs of the children of the miners who are over fourteen years of age and not in school, and to the educational needs of the miners themselves with a view to providing special classes during next winter.

The summer session for teachers to be held at the University of Alberta in July and August is under the direction of Dr. Miller. Courses are offered in agriculture and school gardening, nature study, elementary manual training, woodwork, domestic science, household arts, physical training and fine arts. It was expected that the total enrolment would be limited to 150, but as this number has been reached already the Minister of Education is considering raising the limit to 175. Special arrangements have been made whereby the school inspectors will be in attendance and take courses specially organized to enable them to deal more effectively with the various subjects in the schools under their supervision.

## PORSE GETS FIFTEEN YEARS

Calgary, May 23.—Fifteen years for forgery and seven years for bigamy were the sentences imposed on Abram Porse, alias Parnas, in the criminal assizes court here yesterday by Chief Justice Harvey. The sentences will run concurrently, which means that Porse will have to serve fifteen years behind the bars. Porse is well known in this district, having victimized many businessmen and farmers, both here and at Clive and other points.

## Agricultural College to Be Established—Will Our M. P. P. Make Promise Good?

W. F. Puffer, our local representative, speaking with reference to the establishment of an Alberta Agricultural College a couple of years ago, said he had the definite promise that when the government saw fit to establish such an institution it would be located at Lacombe. He was so sure, in fact, that he said that if the college was not located here he would resign his seat in the legislature. It is time that our citizens got busy. Duncan Marshall is about to locate a college somewhere, and there is no more suitable point in Alberta than Lacombe. Get after the college.

Official announcement was made by Hon. Duncan Marshall, Minister of Agriculture for Alberta, at a meeting of the board of agricultural education in the executive council chambers at the Parliament building in Edmonton on May 13, that the provincial government will organize an agricultural college in Alberta by September 1915. This will afford an opportunity for students in the three schools of agriculture to complete the course and obtain the degree.

Dr. Henry Marshall Tory, president of the University of Alberta, who presided as chairman of the board, in referring to the science equipment in the provincial schools of agriculture, said that it is the equal of any he had seen on his recent visit to the fore-

Presenting the report of the work of the schools of agriculture for the year, Mr. Marshall said among other things: "The success of our agricultural schools in the Province of Alberta exceeded the expectations of even their most enthusiastic supporters." The total of 268 students attending the three schools is by far the largest number of students in the initial year attending any educational institution of any state or province that we know of on this continent. Everybody connected with the schools feels quite sure that fully two-thirds of these students have been in a position to have attended a centrally located institution, and the fact that in the neighborhood of 90 per cent. of our students were drawn from a radius of 50 miles around each school, would go to prove the necessity of these schools located in different sections of the province. The principals and instructors in the schools were in a "sear and hand" when the opening year, and some of the equipment of the schools was delayed for a week or two, but, notwithstanding that, the result of the year's instruction has been in every way highly satisfactory.

"We have had, during the past few weeks the most positive indications of the necessity of the institution for the term, as a number of farmers, whose sons attend these schools, have taken the trouble to write to the department of agriculture expressing not only their satisfaction, but their surprise at the progress their boys made during the five months' term at the school. We have also at this early date received a number of letters from farmers making application for their boys to enter one of the schools next year, because of the evidence they had of what their neighbor's boy learned at the school during the term just closed.

"I have been particularly impressed with the necessity and importance of teaching the girls this year. The girls had only a two months' course last year, and I want to say that I, personally, was astonished at the progress they made in their work. I feel that it is just as important that the farmer's daughter, whose educational advantages in connection with the public school have not been by any means all that either she or her parents would desire, should have the opportunity of getting the full term of these schools. We had in our schools this year about a dozen students who wish to continue their course after they complete the two years in the school and obtain a degree in agriculture, and I might say that the government will be prepared in September, 1915, to have organized in the province an agricultural college, to which these students can be admitted, and where they can complete their course and obtain a degree. We have also made arrangements whereby the students in household science, who desire to obtain certificates to teach, can concurrently from our school into provincial schools and obtain their standing there by a year's attendance."

J. C. Drury, a member of the board, suggested that during the summer continuation all the first year boys should endeavor to fol-

low out the work on their farms at home or elsewhere to keep in touch with their studies. He urged the minister of agriculture to use his influence with the government in an effort to secure the establishment of additional demonstration farms and schools in rural districts of the province not now served by the existing farms and schools.

The board decided that 14 years be the minimum age for admission to the 1914 classes, 16 years for 1915, and 16 years for 1916. The fall and winter course will begin on October 27, 1914, and close on March 27, 1915.

## Stallion For Sale or Trade

The celebrated purebred Percheron Stallion, Comet (1882). He is 4 years old, dark brown, weight 1,900; is a sure foot getter for Horses or Cattle—Apply S. Kangliesser, Lacombe, P. R. Phone. (AS-4p)

If you want the best Flour at the lowest price, go to Nicholson & Switzer. (M4-11)

## Why Do Women Suffer

When Things Go Wrong It is no easy to be well and strong and able to enjoy life, that it is surprising how many women drag themselves through the day suffering from lame back due to kidney trouble. Mrs. Wilson found the very best remedy herself and gladly writes about it so that others may be induced to use the same remedy.



"During the last winter, I was bothered very much with a Weak Back. I was advised by a friend to try GIN PILLS and I did. The first box I found helped me very much and I found when I had taken the second I was completely cured." MRS. J. WILSON. "GIN PILLS do not do all that we say they will—let us know, and we will cheerfully refund you your money. Send for a free sample and see for yourself that they will do you good. Then buy the regular boxes at your dealer's—50c per box, 2 for \$1.00. National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited Toronto.

## Damron & Thorp REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE. Bentley Alberta

Splendid opportunity for investment. Three Quarters of Land with townsite proposition, on the new electric railroad. If interested, write or phone us at once.

Agents for the Lacombe Farmers' Mutual Fire Ins. Co. Call and see us.

## House, Bedding & Vegetable Plants Rose Bushes, Shrubs and Roots

Geraniums, \$2.50 to \$6.00 per doz.; Pansies, 35c. to 75c. per doz.; Ageratium, Astris, Candituff, Chrysanthemums, Mignonette, Nasturtiums, Poppy, Stocks, Sweet Peas, Zinnia, mixed. All the above in good strong plants, 30c. per doz. VEGETABLE PLANTS Cabbage, early and late varieties; Cauliflower, early and late varieties, 25c. per dozen; \$1.25 per doz; \$5 per 1,000. Celery, not transplanted, 50c. per 100; Celery, transplanted, strong plants, 35c. per doz.; \$1.75 per 100. Tomatoes, earliest varieties, transplanted, 35c. to 50c. per doz., \$2.00 to \$4.00 per 100. Fresh Cut Flowers for every occasion. Prices the lowest in Western Canada.

THE FLOWER SHOP MCINTOSH BROS. 30 JASPER WEST M6-3m-c TELEPHONE 4512 EDMONTON, ALTA.

## SNAPS SNAPS

We have only 2 12-16 Disc Harrows; price \$25.00; also 4 Walking Plows, suitable for ploughing sod; price \$10.00 each. Land Packers at reduced prices. Corn King Manure Spreaders at reduced prices. One 14-inch Brush Breaker at \$20.00; a snap. Three Empire Cream Separators at \$30.00 each. A FULL LINE OF OTHER MACHINERY.

## ALEX. LESLIE, Lacombe

## What We Sell and Where We Sell It

The Original Slater Shoe, Fit Reform Clothing, Fit-Well Hat, Cooper Caps, Tookey's Shirts and Collars, Faultless Work Shirts, Wolsley Underwear, Walker Overalls, Clarke's, Halls and Delhi Manufacturing Company's Gloves.

We Guarantee (within reason) Anything We Sell.

## Watt & Hay THE WEE STORE WITH THE BIG BARGAINS.

Russell Block Opp. Fortunes' Lacombe



**Men's Fine Shoes**

**XX Century Shoes**, in smart, dressy styles, and yet extra roomy, and fit comfortably. They have won the Favor of Patrons for Style, Quality and Comfort  
\$5.00, \$5.50 and \$6.00 per pair  
Oxfords, \$4.50 to \$5.50 per pair

**Men's Sox**

**A Special Value**  
**Black Cotton Sox**  
2 pairs for 25c  
**Black Lisle Sox**  
good and comfortable  
25c per pair

**Men's Sox**

**Special**  
**Super Combed Silk**  
Lisle, Tan, Grey and  
Black, 30c per pair  
**Silk and Wool Sox**  
60c per pair

**Ladies' Hose**

**A Very Special Value**  
**Silk Lisle**  
Extra heavy mercerised,  
Cool, Comfortable,  
per pair 35c  
3 pairs for \$1.00

**Ladies' Hose**

**The Finest Quality of**  
**Egyptian Cotton and**  
**Silk Lisle Hose**  
in Hermsdorf Dye,  
per pair  
40c and 50c

**Men's Sox**

**A Best Value**  
of cotton and wool,  
a repeat seller to their  
wearers, per pair  
20c  
3 pairs for 50c

**Heavy Striped Duck**

for Tents and Awnings,  
per yard 30c

**Cretonnes**

Reversible, 36 inches wide, in  
colorings of Fawn, Grey, Red,  
per yard 22 1/2c

**Bleached Muslin**

At a specially reduced price,  
a regular 15c value,  
10c per yard

**Extra Values in Ladies' Cotton Hose**

2 pairs for 25c 2 pairs for 35c  
Out Sizes, per pair 25c and 35c

**Raincoats**

**Pretty Styles and Shades**  
**In Ladies' Raincoats**  
\$5.00 to \$19.50

**Men's Raincoats**  
guaranteed, reliable,  
in the newest styles,  
\$5.00 to \$20.00

**Boys' and Youths' Raincoats**  
\$4.50 and \$5.00



**Men's Black Slicker Coats, \$3.00**

**Men's Sou'wester Caps, 50c**

**Men's Working Shoes**

Comfortable; medium weight, from  
\$2.00 to \$4.00 per pair

They are your best values for the prices; are selected values from the most reliable makers.

In soft pliable leathers in  
Tan and Black

**Ladies' Night Gowns**

**White Muslin, Slip Over Night**  
Gowns, fine soft quality cloth,  
neck and sleeves trimmed with  
firm wash lace. - - - \$1.00

**White Crepe, Slip Over Night**  
Gowns, very dainty and easily  
laundered, Special - - - \$1.00

\$1.00 to \$2.00  
**White Embroidery Waists**  
sizes 38 to 42, to clear at 75c

**Wash Dresses**

for Girls and Misses, 2 years to  
16 years in a splendid range of  
colorings in Prints, Ginghams  
and Chambrays. 65c to \$2.50

**REGARDING GROWING OF BEEF CATTLE**

Everywhere in America where good beef forms a staple portion of the daily diet and where beef production is possible, or has been in the past successfully carried on, the cry goes forth: "There is an alarming scarcity of beef." A shortage of a commodity has the one redeeming feature of high prices to those who are fortunate enough to have that commodity to market, but high prices are only a detriment to the man who has nothing to sell.

The question has been discussed all over Canada and the United States, and the agitation reached such a pitch that, as recently announced through these columns, the National Live Stock Exchange, of Kansas City, sought to have legislation enacted in the States of the Union prohibiting the slaughter of female calves regardless of breed, quality or conformation, and giving them a minimum lease of life of three years. A draft of the bill was admitted to the various local stock exchanges throughout the United States, and the Chicago exchange promptly placed their mark of disapproval on the proposed scheme, which consigned it to oblivion.

Objection seems to be the only safe place for such an act. From the viewpoint of a theorist the proposal seemed to be ideal, but when it came to the practical application of it, the proposed scheme fell to the ground. It is a soothing narcotic proved to be an exciting stimulant, not to beef production, but to producers' unrest. To get a larger supply of beef cattle more females are necessary, so it would seem that the object of the scheme is to be commended. But compulsory legislation to force farmers to keep all sorts of female calves to an age of three years could never be sanctioned by thinking producers. The loss to the breeders by having to develop a large number of inferior cattle would be enormous. Thousands of female calves are born every year that could not be economically raised to three years of age because of their inferior breeding or conformation. Such a measure would be in a few years lower the standard of the country's cattle more than could be regained in several decades of scientific and practical

dairy breeds and the owner would not be able to dispose of his surplus stock. The only good the act might do would be to turn more men following raised farming towards the dual-purpose cow.

While this or other legislation has not been proposed in Canada, it is well to have it discussed. What is good or bad for cattle feeders in the United States is more or less good or bad for Canadian feeders. Calf slaughter has increased at a very rapid rate in both countries during recent years, but compelling breeders to keep all females to a certain age is not the best remedy. Take the profit out of the business and the business will soon succumb. The cure is simple and yet it is difficult. Feeders are wide-awake men, and just as soon as prices warrant the keeping of calves until matured to be sold for beef, so soon will calf slaughter diminish and matured beef increase on our markets. It is largely a question of profit. As long as economic conditions favor the production of milk, butter, cheese and as a consequence veal and pork in preference to matured beef, so long will beef be scarce. Beef prices are now higher than a few years ago.

**LONG WILL LIVE THE MEMORY OF QUEEN VICTORIA**  
Monday last, Victoria Day, was observed as a national holiday in memory of the most sympathetic queen who ever adorned a throne and presided over the mightiest empire of ancient or modern times. It is as a woman, a mother and a ruler of her household rather than as the titular ruler of the British empire that Queen Victoria, Empress of India, is remembered, and her exemplary conduct in all these capacities has done most to mold her son and grandson in a similar monarchial life. Her irreparable and early bereavement exercised a sad but reflective impress upon her life, and never was Victoria seen as much at her best as when she sank her queenly dignity in her womanhood.

While time never wholly effaced her sorrow it accentuated her love of humanity, and the afflictions of the bereaved all over the world received her most practical sympathy and help where it was required. Never did King Edward a happier work than when he ordered that the 24th of May should, in perpetuity be set apart as a national holiday throughout the British empire, and be proclaimed

**Victoria Day.** When Earl Menth set up a movement to have it observed as "Empire Day," he was only partially successful, because it saved a fringe of party politics from which Victoria Day is entirely apart, his idea being to accentuate the objects of a league to secure imperial federation, a consummation which yet remains for the future.

As Victoria Day, the 24th of May will always be observed, but as "Empire Day" it can only be associated with an earl seeking notice through political channels. In the old country the day is used for party speeches by a certain section of politicians, but by the vast majority it is celebrated as King Edward intended it should be.

**BECKER IS GUILTY, GUNMEN WERE HIS AGENTS.**

New York, May 22.—Twelve men decided today for the second time that Charles Becker was the arch-conspirator responsible for the Rosenthal murder, which nearly two years ago woke New York to a realization of corruption in the police department, and opened up a new era of police reform.

Becker, once a police lieutenant, was found guilty of murder in the first degree. Only a pardon or interference again by the court of appeals can save him from following the electric chair the four gun men who shot Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, early on the morning of July 16, 1912. The jury decided today that the gunmen were Becker's agents.

**CHINA BOY GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.**

Vancouver, May 21.—Jack Kong was found guilty tonight of manslaughter of Mrs. Clark Millard on April 1 last, after a trial lasting four days. The jury was out over seven hours, and on the announcement of the verdict there were visible manifestations of disappointment, it being generally believed that it would be one of murder.

The defence put forward was that Kong had acted in self-defence, and his counsel made a strong effort to impress on the jury the fact that it was Mrs. Millard who first acted as the aggressor. Dr. Curtis, who was called today, stated that the blow on the head with a chair could not cause death, while A. B. Taylor, K.C., counsel for the

Crown, said that their theory was that the prisoner did not hit her with the chair, but that he used the carving knife on her, the knife that he alleged she had threatened to cut off his ear with.

**REDISTRIBUTION NOW POLITICALLY SETTLED.**

Ottawa, May 20.—The redistribution of the federal seats is now settled except the question of what is to be done with Eastern Ontario. It was first proposed to eliminate Russell county and the pocket riding of Brockville. The former was to be merged in Prescott and Carleton, and the latter to be divided between Leeds and Grenville. However, there has been such a bitter opposition to the arrangement that a compromise was suggested in Ontario, whereby these two seats would be left pretty much as they are at present. There is not much to be gained politically by either party. Russell is a safe Liberal constituency, and Brockville is at present represented by a Conservative. The question will be settled definitely in a day or two and the redistribution may be expected to go through the house quickly.

**ORANGEMEN OF DOMINION TO MEET AT REGINA.**

Vancouver, B.C., May 20.—Tomorrow the Vancouver contingent of Orangemen to attend the Grand Lodge of British Columbia at Regina, will leave for that prairie city. The Grand Black Chapter will open there next Monday morning, while the Grand Orange Lodge, with delegates present from all over Canada and Newfoundland, will commence its sessions on Wednesday and conclude about the end of the week.

The Vancouver contingent will consist of the following:—J. W. Whitley, provincial grand master of the Black Chapter of British Columbia; J. J. Tulk, grand master for British America; Thos. Quinn, representing R.V.P. No. 54; Hugh Morrow, representing Vancouver county lodge; Mrs. Tulk, grand mistress of the Ladies' Orange Benefit Association, and Mrs. D. Barker, from No. 90, Surrender Lodge No. 90.

**G. T. P. IS SEEKING BOND GUARANTEE.**

Ottawa, May 19.—Consideration of the C.N.R. and proposals appears to have drawn a galaxy of prominent railway men to the capital. Those here at the present

time include Chairman Smith, of the Grand Trunk board; E. J. Chamberlain, president of the G.T.P.; Sir Thomas Chalmers, and Sir William Mackenzie.

Mr. Smith and Mr. Chamberlain are here to confer with the government in regard to their request for a further bond guarantee to the extent of \$15,000,000. Under the terms of the agreement with the late government the cost of construction of the western lines was to be guaranteed by the government up to 75 per cent. The necessary bonds were issued, but owing to increase of cost of construction the company claims that another \$15,000,000 is required to fulfill the terms of the agreement. This claim, it is said, is being resisted by the government, which claims that a first mortgage having been placed on the road the company is not now in the same position as it was when the original guarantees were issued.

It is said to be possible that the matter will have to be referred to the court, and that at any rate no additional guarantees are likely to be forthcoming before the close of the present session. In the meantime, neither the government nor the representatives of the railway will make a statement for publication.

**JOHN WILSON IS SLAIN BY TRAMPS.**

Calgary, May 23.—The Calgary offices of the C.P.R. have just received word that Jack Wilson, the paymaster of the Canadian Company's branch, at Exshaw, was shot dead by three hobo men at 10 o'clock Friday morning. A considerable sum of money was taken by the bandits. The mounted police and the C.P.R. police are already in search of the three suspects, of whom no trace was to be found immediately following the murder.

Wilson was a young man and was well known in Calgary. The city police have been asked to assist in the search for the murderers.

The city mounted police and detectives and the Royal Northwest Mounted Police have gone to Exshaw in a special train. The searchers are heavily armed with revolvers and rifles. Later the bandits were arrested on Saturday with the money on them.

Dr. Hess' Panacea-Roup Cure and Instant Louse Killer at W. L. Elliott's. (M-4)

**JUDICIAL SALE OF FARM LAND, SITUATE NEAR LACOMBE, ALBERTA.**

Pursuant to Judgment and Final Order for Sale, there will be offered for Sale subject to the conditions and reservations expressed in the Original Grant from the Crown, with the appropriation of a Judge of the Supreme Court of Alberta, by Mr. S. W. Paisley, Auctioneer, at the office of John McKenty, in the Town of Lacombe, in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday the 20th day of June, A.D. 1914, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the Southeast Quarter of Section Twenty-Two (22) in Township Thirty-eight (38) and Range Twenty-five (25) West of the Fourth Meridian, in the Province of Alberta.

The said Quarter Section is situated Southeast of Lacombe, about six and one-half (6 1/2) miles from a siding on a branch of the Canadian Northern Railway, and there is a school about two and one-quarter (2 1/4) miles distant. The soil is a sandy loam with a clay sub-soil, and has a depth of from Ten (10) to Twelve (12) inches. A large part of the said land can be cultivated and the remainder is for the most part suitable for grazing purposes. The property in question will be offered for sale subject to a reserved bidding which has been fixed by a Judge.

The purchaser is at the time of sale to pay to the Vendor's Solicitors a sum equal to ten (10 p.c.) per cent. of the total price, and the balance of the purchase money is to be paid within sixty days (60) without interest, into Court at the City of Wetaskiwin, in the Province of Alberta, to the credit of an action therein, and upon payment of the said balance the purchaser is to be entitled to a Transfer or Vesting Order and to be let into possession.

Such Transfer or Vesting Order will be obtained at the Vendor's expense.

In other respects the terms and conditions of Sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the Supreme Court of Alberta.

Further particulars can be had from Messrs. Odell and Russell, Wetaskiwin, Alberta, Solicitors for the Vendor, or from John McKenty, Lacombe, Alberta. J. T. POOLE, C.S.C.A., J.D.W. (M-7-3)

Hosmer's guaranteed Harness Oil, any quantity you want, at W. L. Elliott's. (M-4)